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Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Established Date: 16/Feb/2017 Revised Date: 16/May/2022

1. Identification of the Substance and of the Company

Product Identifier:

Ceramic (include the coated or surface treated Ceramic)

Supplier Information:

Company Name: KANEFUSA CORPORATION

Address: 1-1 Nakaoguchi Ohguchi-cho Niwa-gun Aichi-ken 480-0192 Japan

Phone Number: +81-587-95-7221 FAX Number: +81-587-95-7226

Emergency Phone Number: +81-587-95-7221

Recommended Use of the Ceramic

Cutting and drilling tools for metallic materials

Restrictions on Use of the Ceramic

Do not use for other than the specified purpose

Attention to the Phase/State of the Ceramic

- Ceramic as solid state like cutting tools is chemically stable and safe at explosive, flammable, combustible, pyrophoric, water-reactive, and oxidizability under normal environment.
- Ceramic is safe for use as the cutting tools (grinding, machining, rolling for metals) under normal condition.
- This SDS informs about the dust, fume or vapor which occur from Ceramic producing process such as raw material powder handling and grinding.

2. Hazard Identification

The GHS Classification

Some data (such as the burning rate test data, etc.) for the dust, fume or vapor which occur from Ceramic producing process are unavailable. Therefore, they are not be classified by GHS.

In here, GHS classification of the each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Ceramic can be disclosed. In addition, other hazards and harmful effects (for health, environment, physical and chemical) which are not listed are unclassifiable or non-applicable by GHS.

GHS classification for the hazards of cobalt alone in below,

(When cobalt is included as ingredients of Ceramic.)

Health Hazard	· Acute toxicity (oral)	Category4
	• Acute toxicity (inhaled: dust, mist)	Category1
	• Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category2B
	· Respiratory sensitization	Category1A
	· Skin sensitization	Category1A
	 Carcinogenicity 	Category2
	• Reproductive toxicity	Category1B
	 Specific target organ toxicity 	Category1
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory)

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	• Specific target organ toxicity (Repeated exposure)	Category1 (Respiratory, Heart, Thyroid, Blood)
Environmental Hazard:	 Hazardous to the aquatic environment – prolonged (Chronic hazard) Hazardous to the aquatic environment – repeated (Acute hazard) 	Category1 Category1

GHS classification for the hazards of nickel alone in below,

(When nickel is included as ingredients of Ceramic.)

(11 HOHOT IN	increace as ingredients of ceramic.	
Health Hazard	 Respiratory sensitization 	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	· Carcinogenicity Category2	
	• Specific target organ toxicity	Category1
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)
	 Specific target organ toxicity 	Category1
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)
Environmental	Hazardous to the aquatic	Category4
Hazard:	environment	

GHS classification for the hazards of chromium alone in below,

(When chromium is included as ingredients of Ceramic.)

(When emonitum is meraded as ingredients of Ceranice.)		
Health Hazard	• Serious eye damage	Category2B
	 Respiratory sensitization 	Category1
	· Skin sensitization	Category1
	• Germ cell mutagenicity	Category2
	 Specific target organ toxicity 	Category2
	(Single exposure)	(Respiratory tract irritation)
	 Specific target organ toxicity 	Category3
	(Repeated exposure)	(Respiratory)

GHS Label Elements

GHS label elements of the each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Ceramic can be disclosed in below.

	Ceramic can be disclosed		1
	Cobalt	Nickel	Chromium
Hazard		^	
Pictograms:			
	~	3	
		W V	
Signal		Danger	
Words:			
Hazard	· Risk of causing	· Risk of causing	 Risk of causing
Statements:	allergies, asthma or	allergies, asthma or	allergies, asthma or
	breathing difficulties	breathing difficulties	breathing difficulties
	if inhaled.	if inhaled.	if inhaled.
	 Risk of causing an 	 Risk of causing an 	 Risk of causing an
	allergic skin reaction.	allergic skin reaction.	allergic skin reaction.
	• May cause cancer.	• May cause cancer.	· Suspected of causing
		 Respiratory and 	genetic disease
		kidney disorders	

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· May cause adverse	· Cause of respiratory	· Failure to systemic
effects on fertility or	failure due to	toxicity
the unborn child.	long-term or repetitive	· Risk of respiratory
• Risk of respiratory	exposure.	irritation.
irritation.	• May be harmful to	
· Cause of respiratory	aquatic life due to long	
failure due to	lasting effects	
long-term or		
repetitive exposure.		
• May be harmful to		
aquatic life due to		
long lasting effects		
 / T		

Precautionary Statements:

[Prevention]

- ·Obtain safety instructions* before use.
- ·Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- ·Use appropriate personal protection and ventilation system keeping away from exposure.
- ·Wear suitable protective gloves.
- ·When insufficient ventilation, wear respirator as required.
- ·Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.
- ·Do not eat, drink or smoke in handling area.
- ·Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- ·Do not release into the environment.

[Responses]

- ·If inhaled, move to fresh air and take a rest with posture easy to breathe.
- · If respiratory symptoms occurs, contact a doctor.
- ·When feeling ill, get medical advice/attention.
- ·Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- ·If on skin, rinse away immediately with a large amount of water and soap.
- ·If skin irritation occurs, contact a doctor and get medical advice/attention.
- · If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention.
- ·If dust is in eyes, immediately wash away with clean water (remove the contact lenses if possible). If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
- ·If a large amount of dust is swallowed, get medical advice/attention after ingesting plenty of water to dilute.

[Storage]

- ·Avoid sudden changes of temperature and high humidity for storage. [Disposal]
- ·Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant under the laws.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

- Distinction between substance and mixture: Mixture
- Ceramic may be coated or surface treated with the following substances. AlCrN, AlN, Al₂O₃, (Al,Ti)N, B₄C, Cr₃C₂, CrN, MoS₂, Ti(B,C,N), TiC, TiCN, TiN, (Ti,Si)N, (Ti,Zr)N, WC
- Ingredients and concentration or concentration range (composition) of the Ceramic

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Ingredient	Chemical Formula	CAS No	Official Number of Law for PRTR	Official Number of Industrial Safety and Health Law	Composition mass%
Aluminum oxide	Al ₂ O ₃	1344-28-1	N/A	Appendix 9-189	N/A
Zirconium oxide	ZrO_2	1314-23-4	N/A	Appendix 9-313	N/A
Titanium oxide	${ m TiO_2}$	13463-67-7	N/A	Appendix 9-191	N/A
Ytterbium oxide	Yb_2O_3	1314-37-0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Yttrium oxide	Y_2O_3	1314-36-9	N/A	Appendix 9-54	N/A
Erbium oxide	$\mathrm{Er}_{2}\mathrm{O}_{3}$	12033-89-5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Magnesium oxide	MgO	1309-48-4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chromium oxide	$\mathrm{Cr}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	1308-38-9	Class 1:87	Appendix 9-142	N/A
Cerium oxide	CeO_2	1306-38-3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Yttrium aluminum oxide	Y ₂ Al ₅ O ₃	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Silicon carbide	SiC	409-21-2	N/A	Appendix 9-336	N/A
Aluminum nitride	AlN	24304-00-5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Silicon nitride	Si ₃ N ₄	12033-89-5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium nitride	TiN	25583-20-4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cobalt	Со	7440-48-4	Class 1:132	N/A	
Cobalt oxide	Co ₃ O ₄	1308-06-1	Class 1:132	Appendix 9-172	N/A
Nickel	Ni	7440-02-0	Class 1:308	N/A	
Nickel oxide	NiO	1313-99-1	Class 1:309	Appendix 9-418	N/A
Tungsten Carbide	WC	12070-12-1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tantalum carbide	TaC	12070-06-3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Niobium carbide	NbC	12069-94-2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium carbide	TiC	12070-08-5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium carbonitride	TiCN	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}For the details regarding the content of the designated chemical material such as cobalt, nickel and chromium (effective digit: 2), please contact to the above supplier.

4. First-Aid Measures

If Inhaled

- If the high concentration of dust is inhaled or respiratory symptoms (coughs, gasping, shortness of breath, etc.) are experienced, move to fresh air and take a rest with posture easy to breathe. If breathing difficulties occur, administer oxygen inhalation. If breathing has stopped, immediately administer artificial respiration and get medical advice/attention.
- If irritation or rash persists, get medical advice and attention.

If on Skin

• If dust is contacted with skin, take off contaminated clothing and rinse the affected area with soapy water thoroughly. If irritation or rash persists, get medical advice/attention.

If in Eves

• If dust is in eyes, immediately wash away with clean water (remove the contact lenses if possible). If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

If Swallowed

• If a large amount of dust is swallowed, get medical advice/attention after ingesting plenty of water to dilute.

^{*}Even if the cemented carbide do not contain cobalt, nickel, chromium as an active ingredient may include cobalt, nickel, chromium as an impurity.

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5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media and Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

• To extinguish the fire of dust, use dry sand, expanded vermiculite, dilatable perlite, ABC type (general, oil, electric fire) powder extinguishers or water (no water allowed for the dust containing cut powders of light metal such as magnesium and aluminum).

Special Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures for Fire-Fighters

• In fighting a fire, wear a protective clothing, dust-proof respirator or respiratory protective equipment.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

• It is recommended that someone who cleans dust should wear clothing and respiratory protective equipment to minimize exposure.

Environmental Precautions

• Dispose of dust as industrial wastes and prevent release in water systems.

Containment and Cleanup Methods and Equipment

• If there is dust which occur from Ceramic producing process, isolate the area and remove with a cleaner equipped with a filter which can take up fine particles very efficiently. If appropriate removing methods are not available, sweep with water sprayers or wet mops.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

■ Technical Measures

- Ceramic is a stable substance and has little influence on health, but if it contacts dust
 or grinding liquid containing cobalt or nickel for a long time or repeatedly, rough skin
 may occur.
- If the disperse of dust containing cobalt or nickel is concerned, provide local exhaust ventilation and use personal protective equipment to minimize exposure to human body.

■ Precautions for Safe Handling

- Obtain safety instructions before use.
- · Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

■ Contact Avoidance

- Take measures described in "Exposure Controls/Personal Protection."
- Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke in handling area.

■ Hygiene measures

- · Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Do not release into the environment.

Storage

■ Conditions for Safe Storage

Avoid sudden changes of temperature and high humidity for storage.

■ Materials for Safe Container

• Use materials meeting the specific gravity of Ceramic

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8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection Exposure Prevention

• Permissible concentration in working environment (reference value)

1 CI IIII SSIBIC COIICCII	teration in w	orking environmen	t (1010101100 varao)	
Ingredient	Chemical Formula	OSHA* PEL* mg/m³	ACGIH* TLV* mg/m³	Japan Society for Occupational Health Exposure Limit mg/m ³
Aluminum oxide	Al ₂ O ₃	5 (as Al)	10	N/A
Zirconium oxide	$ m ZrO_2$	5 (as Zr)	5 (as Zr)	0.5 (as Zr)
Titanium oxide	${ m TiO_2}$	15	10	N/A
Ytterbium oxide	Yb_2O_3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Yttrium oxide	Y_2O_3	1 (as Y)	1 (as Y)	N/A
Erbium oxide	$\mathrm{Er}_{2}\mathrm{O}_{3}$	N/A	N/A	N/A
Magnesium oxide	MgO	15	10	N/A
Chromium oxide	$\mathrm{Cr}_2\mathrm{O}_3$	0.5 (as Cr)	0.5 (as Cr)	0.5 (as Cr)
Cerium oxide	CeO_2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Yttrium aluminum oxide	Y ₂ Al ₅ O ₃	1 (as Y)	1 (as Y)	N/A
Silicon carbide	SiC	5	3	N/A
Aluminum nitride	AlN	5 (as Al)	1 (as Al)	N/A
Silicon nitride	Si ₃ N ₄	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium nitride	TiN	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cobalt	Co	0.1	0.02	0.05
Cobalt oxide	$\mathrm{Co_3O_4}$	(as Co)	(as Co)	(as Co)
Nickel	Ni	1.0	1.5	1.0
Nickel oxide	NiO	(as Ni)	(as Ni)	(as Ni)
Tungsten Carbide	WC	5 (as W)	5 (as W)	N/A
Tantalum carbide	TaC	5 (as Ta)	5 (as Ta)	N/A
Niobium carbide	NbC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium carbide	TiC	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium carbonitride	TiCN	N/A	N/A	N/A

*OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration U.S. Department

*PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

*ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Inc.

*TLV: Threshold Limit Value

* Exposure If processing such as polishing and cutting that generates dust, for Limit: ingredients with not indicated value, refer to the exposure limit of the

Japan Society for Occupational Health

*N/A: Not Applicable

Facility measures

Provide local exhaust ventilation so that dusts in the air may not exceed the exposure limits in the above table. It is to be noted that management concentration of the cobalt (and its inorganic compounds) is to be 0.02mg/m^3 in accordance with the working environment assessment standard by Japanese Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare under the paragraph (2), Article 65-2 of the Industrial Safety and Health Act in Japan.

In addition, cobalt (and its inorganic compounds) in the storage or handling, and that to take the necessary action conforming to the Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances.

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Protection Measures

• Respiratory Protection: Dust-proof respirators and respiratory protective equipment

are recommended.

• Hand Protection: Protective gloves for dust are recommended.

• Eye/Face Protection: Eye and face protections for dust are recommended.

• Skin/Body Protection: Avoid direct skin contact.

Clean up deposited dust on clothing, rags, etc. by washing or absorbing with suitable filters but not by whisking off.

Change the contaminated clothing into clean one.

Hygiene Measure

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid state
Color: Dark grey color

(in case of the coated or surface treated Ceramic,

the appearance color is often different.)

Odorless

Melting/Freezing Point:

Boiling or Initial Boiling Point and No data available

No data available

Boiling Range:

Flammability, Explosion Limits, No data available

Flammability Limit, Flash Point, Spontaneous Ignition Temperature,

Resolution Temperature:

pH: No data available Kinematic Viscosity: No data available

Solubility: Insoluble

Vapor Pressure: No data available

Density and/or Relative Density: 11.0 - 15.5

10. Stability and Reactivity

A grain of dust which occur from Ceramic producing process is very fine and under the specific conditions in which the dusts are mixed with grinding oil with low flash point, it is possible to become pyrophoric. If dusts under very flammable conditions are dispersed in the air, it is possible to explode.

The each metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel and chromium) for composing the Ceramic has the following information about stability and reactivity under specific conditions.

Stability and reactivity of cobalt alone in below, (When cobalt is included as ingredients of Ceramic.)

Reactivity, chemical stability: Stable to heat and contact with water

Ignite spontaneously in air

Hazardous reactions: It reacts with strong oxidizing agents

It reacts violently with oxygen, and it poses a risk

of fire or explosion

It reacts violently with acid to generate hydrogen

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acid

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Hazardous decomposition products: By combustion, cobalt oxide and fumes of cobalt

oxide may occur

Stability and reactivity of nickel alone in below, (When nickel is included as ingredients of Ceramic.)

Reactivity, chemical stability: It is considered stable in storage and handling in

accordance with the laws and regulations

Hazardous reactions: Metallic nickel is usually stabilized against

oxidation by the oxide film, fresh metal surfaces without oxide film is rapidly oxidized by air. Thus, fresh metallic nickel powder, there is a risk of

ignition in air.

Conditions to avoid: No data available Hazardous decomposition products: No data available

Stability and reactivity of chromium alone in below, (When chromium is included as ingredients of Ceramic.)

Reactivity, chemical stability: Stable under normal handling conditions

Hazardous reactions: Reacts violently with strong oxidizing agents such

as hydrogen peroxide, it poses a risk of fire or

explosion.

It reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid and dilute

sulfuric acid.

Conditions to avoid: The alkali or alkaline carbonate is Incompatible.

When mixed with air in powder or granular form,

there is a possibility of dust explosion.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, dilute hydrochloric acid,

dilute sulfuric acid, alkali, alkali carbonate

Hazardous decomposition products: During combustion, there can be irritating or toxic

fumes and gases.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:

No data available on Ceramic
Skin Corrosion/Irritation:
No data available on Ceramic
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:
No data available on Ceramic
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:
No data available on Ceramic
Germ Cell Mutagenicity:
No data available on Ceramic

Carcinogenicity: Group 2A on IARC, as cobalt powder

coexisting with tungsten carbide powder. Suspected to be carcinogenic in humans

(Ref.1)

Reproductive Toxicity: No data available on Ceramic Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity: No data available on Ceramic

(Single Exposure)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity/Systemic Toxicity: No data available on Ceramic

(Repeated Exposure)

Aspiration Hazard: No data available on Ceramic

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity, Persistence, Degradability, Bioaccumulation, Mobility in soil, Hazardous to the ozone layer

• No data available on Ceramic

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13. Disposal Considerations

Safe and environmentally desirable disposal or recycle method

• For disposal, conform to the applicable laws regarding industrial wastes such as 'Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law' and relevant local by laws.

14. Transport Information

International Regulations

UN Number: Not applicable Proper Shipping Not applicable

Name

UN Hazard Class: Not applicable Packing Group Not applicable Marine Pollutant: Not applicable

Domestic Regulations

Land Regulatory Information In accordance with the Fire Service Act/ the Road Act

Marine Transportation In accordance with the Ship Safety Act/ the Act on

Information: Port Regulations
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable

Aviation transportation In accordance with the Civil Aeronautics Act

information:

Special Safety Measures for Transportation and Transportation Method

When transporting the dust which occur from Ceramic producing process, make sure that there is no damage or corrosion or leakage of the container, to ensure implementation of the prevention of collapse of cargo.

15. Regulatory Information

Name and Information of Applicable Regulatory

• Law for Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Cobalt: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet Order No.132
Cobalt oxide: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet Order No.132
Nickel: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.308
Nickel oxide: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.309
Chromium oxide: "Class 1 designated chemical substances", Cabinet OrderNo.87

 Industrial Safety and Health Law, Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances

Aluminum oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the aluminum oxide is listed by No.189 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

^{*}When transporting a powder of metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel) for composing the Ceramic, there is a possibility that it is necessary to take appropriate action in accordance with the relevant provisions established by IMO (International Maritime Organization), ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization), IATA (International Air Transport Association).

^{*}When transporting a powder of metallic ingredients (cobalt, nickel) for composing the Ceramic, there is a possibility that it is necessary to take appropriate action in accordance with the relevant provisions of Ship Safety Law and the Aviation Law.

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Zirconium oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the zirconium oxide is listed by No.313 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

- Titanium oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the titanium oxide is listed by No.191 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."
- Yttrium oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the yttrium oxide is listed by No.54 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."
- Chromium oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the chromium oxide is listed by No.142 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."
- Silicon carbide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the silicon carbide is listed by No.336 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."
- Cobalt/Cobalt oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the cobalt/cobalt oxide is listed by No.172 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

 Article 2, Paragraph 1, Items 2 and 5 of Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substance, Specified chemical substance class 2, Management class 2.

 When the content of cobalt and cobalt oxide is less than 1%, the Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substance is not covered.
- Nickel/Nickel oxide: The substances are defined in the Article 57-2 of the Act, and the nickel/nickel oxide is listed by No.418 in Appended Table9 in the Article 18-2 of the Enforcement Order as "Dangerous or Harmful Substances to be notified their names, etc."

16. Other Information

Other Hazardous Information

The following attention should be paid for dust which occur from Ceramic producing process.

- If a large amount of dust containing cobalt is inhaled, blood, heart, thyroid gland, and spleen disorders may result. (Ref.2)
- It is reported that repeated or prolonged contact with cobalt, nickel, nickel oxide, chromium or zirconium oxide may affect skin, respiratory organs, heart, etc. (Ref.3 6)
- Inhaling high concentration dust of aluminum oxide may irritate the eyes and upper respiratory tract. (Ref.4)
- Repeated or prolonged inhalation and exposure of aluminum oxide may cause effects on the central nervous system. (Ref.4)
- Zirconium oxide can cause dizziness, increased perspiration, decreased capillary resistance, increased temperature sensation and pain sensation, skin granulomas, irritating symptoms of mild respiratory organs. (Ref.5)

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• Magnesium oxide irritates the eyes and nose. Also, inhaling fumes may cause metal heat. (Ref.4)

• For carcinogenicity of metallic ingredients of cemented carbide has the following knowledge.

Cobalt metal	ACGIH	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.
	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Nickel metal	ACGIH	A5: Not suspected as a human carcinogen.
	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Nickel oxide	ACGIH	A1: Confirmed carcinogenic to humans.
	IARC	1: Proof to be carcinogenic to humans
	Japan Society for	2B: The substance has been determined to be
	Occupational	possibly carcinogenic to humans (with
	Health	relatively insufficient evidence).
Chromium metal	IARC	3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to
		humans.
Ceramic fiber (Whisker)	IARC	2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

*ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Inc.

*IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Disclaimer

The contents of this SDS are based on material and information available as of today and may be revised due to knowledge newly obtained. The values of concentration, physical/chemical properties are not guaranteed. In addition, the precautions described herein apply only to normal uses, and thus safety cannot be guaranteed.

Reference URL

omy, Trade and Industry:

 Ministry of the Environment:
 Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare:
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Assoc.:
 International Agency for Research on Cancer:
 International Chemical Safety Card:

 http://www.meti.go.jp/

 http://www.mhlw.go.jp/
 http://www.nihs.go.jp/ICSC/

• National Institute of Technology and Evaluation:

http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/list.html

Reference Documents

- (1) IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, vol.86 (2006).
- (2) Food & Drug Research Laboratories, study No.8005B (4.11.84).
- (3) T. Shirakawa et al., Chest. 95, 29 (1989).
- (4) International Chemical Safety Cards (cobalt, chromium, nickel).

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(5) The Guide to Chemical Hazards (edited by Japan Industrial Safety & Health Association)

(6) A. O. Bech et al., Brit. J. Ind., 19, 239 (1962).

Revision History

First edition	16/Feb/2017	
First revision	16/May/2022	